विवरण

31.12.1998 की स्थिति के अनुसार, चीनी मिलों द्वारा गन्ने के देय मूल्य की राज्यवार बकाया धनराशि

(लाख रुपये)

राज्य	गन्ने का देय मूल्य
पंजाब	2068.65
हरियाणा	4580.93
राजस्थान	1.40
पश्चिमी उत्तर प्रदेश	8671.40
मध्य उत्तर प्रदेश	13345.44
पूर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश	4390.70
जोड़-उत्तर प्रदेश	**26407.54**
मध्य प्रदेश	204.33
दक्षिणी गुजरात	1325.69
सौराष्ट्र	825.58
जोड़—गुजरात	**2151.27**
दक्षिणी महाराष्ट्र	4074.68
उत्तरी महाराष्ट्र	3258.09
मध्य महाराष्ट्र	6317.55
जोड़ महाराष्ट्र	**13650.32**
उत्तरी बिहार	1811.49
दक्षिणी बिहार	0.00
जोड़-बिहार	**1811.49**
असम	0.00
आंध्र प्रदेश	4380.39
कर्नाटक	7075.92
तमिलनाडु	3387.96
केरल	25.27
उड़ीसा	150.10
पश्चिम बंगाल	**1853.58**
नागालैंड	0.00
पांडिचेरी	531.26
गोवा	176.66
अखिल भारत	68457.07

Availability of Pulses

1899. SHRI C.O. POULOSE: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the demand and supply position of pulses for each of the last three years;

(b) the per capita availability of pulses at present; and

(c) the reasons for not banning export of pulses?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PAL SINGH YADAV): (a) and (b) As per the recommended nutrition standards of the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), the per capita annual requirement of pulses for low cost balanced diet in respect of sedentary man works out to 14.60 kg. As against this, the per capita net availability of pulses for the last three years has been estimated as under:—

Year	Availability Kg./year
1996	12.0
1997	13.8
1998 (Provisional)	12.1

(c) As per current EXIM Policy, pulses are freely importable and exports of pulses has also not been banned with a view to integrating the country's economy with the global trends in prices and affording an equal advantage of the international production efficiencies to the consumers and producers.

Base Depots of F.C.I.

1900. SHRI E. BALANANDAN: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number and location of base depots of FCI State-wise;

(b) the names of States that need more base depots to meet their requirement; and

(c) the steps Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PAL SINGH YADAV): (a) The "base depots" of the FCI are generally opened operated in hilly States under Hill Transport Subsidy Scheme for the purpose of reimbursing the actual transportation cost of lifting of foodgrains by the concerned State Government from these base depots to the declared Principal Distribution Centres to these States.

Statement-I and II showing State-wise base depots and PDCs are attached. (*See* below)

(b) and (c) By and large, the depots located in the concerned State have been found to be sufficient to meet the requirement.

Statement-I

State-wise base depots under Hill Transport Subsidy

	Name of State	Designated base depots
1.	Nagaland	Dimapur
2.	Manipur	Dimapura, Imphal
3.	Mizoram	Silchar, Kolasib, Vairengte, Bhairabi
4.	Meghalaya	Guwahati, Shillong
5.	Tripura	Dharamnagar, Churabari
6.	Arunachal Pradesh	Bindukuri, North Lakhimpur, Dhemaji, Banderdewa, Chinnamara Dibrugarh, Tinshukia
7.	Sikkim	Siliguri
8.	Himachal Pradesh	Tapri, Shimla, Nahan, Parwanoo, Solan, Ranital, Una, Chamba, Hamirpur, Kangra, Nagrota, Noorpur, Bilaspur, Kullu, Mandi
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	Chatha, Jammu, Kathua, Khillani (Doda), Nagrota, Nagrota, Rajouri, Poonch, Chakki Bank, Anantnag, Shali store, Srinagar, Baramula, Lethapora, Leh, Kargil.

Statement-II

List of principal distribution centres in the Hill States and additional principal distribution centres subsequently declared from time to time upto 20th December, 1993

Sl. No.	Name of States	Name of District	Head quarters	Principal Distribution Centres
1.	Arunachal Pradesh	1. Tawang		(i) Zemithang
		2. East Kameng		(ii) Cyiangtajo
		3. Upper Subansiri		(iii) Taliha
		4. West Siang		(iv) Liromoba
		5. Lowit		(v) Haiyliang
		6. Tirap		(vi) Panchaw
		7. West Kameng		(vii) Kolaktong
		8. Lower Subansiri		(viii) Nyapin
		9. Itanagar Sub-Division		(ix) Sagalee
		10. East Siang		(x) Mariyang
		11. Dibang Valley/Roing		(xi) Anini

Sl. No.	Name of State		Name of Districts	Head quarters	Principal Distribution Centres
		12.	Sub-Division Changlang Sub-Division		(xii) Miao
2.	Himachal Pradesh	1.	Bilaspur	Bilaspur	(i) Chamba
		2.	Chamba	Chamba	(ii) Kangra
		3.	Hamirpur	Hamirpur	(iii) Mandi
		4.	Kangra	Dharam-shala	(iv) Kulu
		5.	Kinnaur	Kalpa	(v) Hamirpur
		6.	Kulu	Kulu	(vi) Keylong
		7.	Lahul Spiti	Keylong	(Headquarters of Lahul and Spiti)
		8.	Mandi	Mandi	(vii) Solan
		9.	Simla	Simla	(viii) Simla
		10.	Sirmaur	Nahan	(ix) Kalpa
		11.	Solan	Solan	(x) Nahan (Headquarters of Sirmarpur Distt.)
		12.	Una	Una	(xi) Una (xii) Bilaspur (xiii) Killar (xiv) Kaza
3.	Jammu and Kashmir	1.	Anantnag (Kashmir South)	Anantnag	(i) Jammu (ii) Udhampur (iii) Poonch (iv) Rajouri
		2.	Baramula (Kashmir North)	Baramula	(v) Kathua (vi) Doda
		3.	Doda	Doda	(vii) Anantnag
		4.	Jammu	Jammu	(viii) Srinagar
		5.	Kathua	Kathua	(ix) Baramula
		6.	Ladakh	Leh	(x) Leh & Ladakh
		7.	Poonch	Poonch	(xi) Lathpora
		8.	Rajauri	Rajauri	(xii) Kupwara
		9.	Srinagar	Srinagar	(xiii) Bandipora
		10.	Udhampur	Udhampur	
		11.	Pulwama	Pulwama	
		12.	Kupwara	Kupwara	
4.	Manipur	1.	Manipur Central	Imphal	(i) Imphal (ii) Kerong On way to Imphal) (iii) Churachandpur (iv) Temanglong (v) Ukhrul (vi) Chandel (vii) Parbung (viii) Tongnoupla (ix) Paomata (x) Kamjong (xi) New Kaiphundai
		2.	Manipur East	Ukhrul	
		3.	Manipur North	Kerong	
		4.	Manipur South	Churachandp-ur	
		5.	Manipur West	Temenglong	
5.	Meghalaya	1.	Garo hills	Tura	(i) Shillong (ii) Jowai
		2.	Jaintia hills	Jowai	(iii) Tura (iv) Williamnagar
		3.	Khasi hills		(v) Nongation (vi) Noughpoh (vii) Baghmara
		4.	Shillong		

Sl.	Name of State		Name of Districts	Head quarters	Principal Distribution Centres
6.	Mizoram	1.	Aizwal	Aizwal	(i) Aizwal (ii) Lunglei (iii) Lawangthali (iv) Kolasib on way to Aizwal (v) Aibawk (vi) Champhai (vii) Kawlkulh (viii) Saitul (ix) Lokicharra
		2.	Lunglei	Lunglei	
		3.	Chhimtuipur	Siaha	
7.	Nagaland	1.	Kohima	Kohima	(i) Kohima (ii) Mokakchung (iii) Tuensang (iv) Kohima and Mokakchung in respect of supplies made beyond Wokha, Zunneboto, Phek and Mon. Mon (vi) Zunheboto (vii) Wokha (viii) Phek
		2.	Mokakchung	Mokakchung	
		3.	Tuensang	Wokha Zunneboto Tuensang	
8.	Sikkim	1.	Sikkim East	Gangtok	(i) Gangtok (ii) Jorthang (iii) Rhenock (iv) Mangan (v) Gyalshing
		2.	Sikkim North	Mangan	
		3.	Sikkim		
		4.	South Sikkim	Namchi	
			West	Gyalshing	
9.	Tripura	1.	North Tripura	Kailashahar	(i) Agartala (ii) Kumarghat (iii) Udaipur (iv) Amarpur (v) Bagafa (vi) Ambassa
		2.	South Tripura	Udaipur	
		3.	West Tripura	Agartala	

Recovery of Dues to Super Bazar

1901. SHRIMATI JAYAPRADA NAHATA: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Super Bazar is to recover crores of rupees from its borrowers;

(b) if so, what is the total amount due to it from its borrowers and the amount to be paid by the Super Bazar to its suppliers;

(c) the reasons for the Super Bazar been unable to recover its dues, the details of steps taken in this regard alongwith the success achieved therein; and

(d) whether financial management is lacking in all respects?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYAPAL SINGH YADAV): (a) and (b) According to the information furnished by the Super Bazar Delhi, the amount due to the Super Bazar on account of credit sales as on 31.1.99 was Rs. 6.68 crores (approx.) and the amount due to its creditors on the same date was nearly Rs. 15.10 crores.

(c) and (d) The Super Bazar has reported that it has been making constant efforts to recover its along outstanding dues. A Recovery Cell has been created in the Super Bazar under the charge of a Senior Officer to undertake necessary follow up action in the matter. As a result thereof an amount of Rs. 71.95 lakhs has been recovered during the period 15.7.98 to 20.02.99.